STATE OF KANSAS

Department for Children and Families Economic and Employment Services 555 S. Kansas Ave., 4th Floor Topeka, KS 66603



PHONE: (785) 296-3349 Fax: (785) 296-6960 www.dcf.ks.gov

November 29, 2018

Administration for Children and Families

Office of Family Assistance

Mary E. Switzer Building 330 C Street, S.W. Washington, DC 20201

This is to submit the Fiscal Year 2018 TANF Caseload Reduction Report. Kansas elects to apply for a separate Two-Parent Family caseload reduction credit. This information is also being sent to the regional administrator. If you have general questions on this information, please feel free to contact me. If you have questions or comments regarding the methodology, please contact Judy Kennedy at 785-296-2968 (email Judy.C.Kennedy@ks.gov).

Sincerely,

Sandra Kummon

Sandra Kimmons

Director of Economic and Employment Services

cc: Mr. Gary Allen, Regional TANF Program Manager, Administration for Children and Families, 601 East 12th St., Room 349, Kansas City, MO 64106

Date of Completion November 29, State: Kansas	2018	Fiscal Year to which credit applies: 2019				
Overall Report <u>√</u>	(check one)	Apply the overall credit to the two-parent participation rate?	yes			
Two-parent Report	,		<u> no</u>			

PART 1 –Eligibility Changes Made Since FY 2005

(Complete this section for EACH change)

- 1. Name of eligibility change: Work Readiness Screening
- 2. Implementation date of eligibility change: October 2006 and July 2013
- 3. Description of policy, including the change from prior policy:

October 2006: A work readiness screen, mainly conducted prior to the approval of cash assistance, was established as a condition of eligibility. Applicants who failed to cooperate were denied assistance, while recipients who failed to complete the screen were assessed a work penalty.

July 2013: The work readiness screening requirement was discontinued to align with revised application requirements.

4. Description of the methodology used to calculate the estimated impact of this eligibility change: Cases closed and denied for failing to cooperate with the work screening requirement are recorded with a unique code in the Kansas Eligibility Enforcement System. The caseload impact applied the attrition rate for approved cases (refer to the attachment) since the majority of cases were denials.

				Impact on	Fach Mor	th in FY 20)18	· vandere	Date of Co	mpletio	m11/29/1	
Fiscal			~~~	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep
Year	Oct	Nov	Dec				(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(0)
Prior Year	(2)	(2)	(2)	(1)	(1)	(1)	Marie San					and the second s
Oct 2017	-	_	-		-							<u> </u>
Nov		-		-	-							
Dec			-	-	-			-				
Jan 2018				-		-		=	-			
Feb								-			-	
Mar					<u> </u>	- -	-	-			_	
Apr								-	-			
May												
Jun									-			
Jul					a							
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Sep	ureametunamuurad aa					- 42	(4)	/41	(1)	(1)	(1)	(0)
Total	(2)	(2)	(2)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	FY 18 mo			(1.2
Average Mo		es			-				F 1 10 1110	iuny ave	::USC	

5.	. Estimated average monthly impact of this eligibility change on caseload in comparison	ı year:	-1.2

Date of Completion November 29, 2018

State: Kansas

Fiscal Year to which credit applies: 2019

- 1. Name of eligibility change: Increase in Earned Income Disregard
- 2. Implementation date of eligibility change: May 2008
- 3. Description of policy, including the change from prior policy: Prior to the policy change, the first \$90 of earned income and 40 percent of the remaining income was disregarded when determining the family's benefit. The new policy increased the variable disregard to 60 percent.
- 4. Description of the methodology used to calculate the estimated impact of this eligibility change: Cases with earnings were obtained from the Kansas Eligibility Enforcement System. The cases with income between the former and new disregard limits appear in the next table:

Month	Cases
Oct 2017	72
Nov	119
Dec	137
Jan 2018	155
Feb	169
Mar	160
Арг	148
May	150
Jun	155
Jul	134
Aug	138
Sep	148
Average	140

5. Estimated average monthly impact of this eligibility change on caseload in comparison year: 140

Date of Completion November 29, 2018

State: Kansas

Fiscal Year to which credit applies: 2019

- 1. Name of eligibility change: Five-Month Transitional Payment
- 2. Implementation date of eligibility change: January 2009
- 3. Description of policy, including the change from prior policy: A five-month \$50 transitional payment was provided to employed families whose earnings would have resulted in ineligibility for cash assistance. The policy permitted a new five-month payment cycle following the loss and resumption of employment.
- 4. Description of the methodology used to calculate the estimated impact of this eligibility change: Cases with the \$50 transitional payment were obtained from the Kansas Eligibility Enforcement System:

es 4
20
5
0
9
50
20
23
24
11
72
37
74

5. Estimated average monthly impact of this eligibility change on caseload in comparison year: 274

Da	ate of Completion November 29, 2018 Fixed Vear to which credit applies: 2019
St	ate: Kansas Fiscal Year to which credit applies: 2019
1	Name of eligibility change: Inclusion of the Grandparents as Caregivers Program
2.	Implementation date of eligibility change: July 2009
3.	Caregivers Program was included in the Temporary Assistance for Needy Faintines cash assistance for Needy Faintines cash assistance for Needy Faintines
4.	Description of the methodology used to calculate the estimated impact of this eligibility change: Of the 151 Grandparents as Caregivers cases participating in the last month of the program's operation (June 2009), 93 participated in the TANF cash assistance program in the following month, July 2009. The 93 cases represented 2.33 percent of TANF Child-Only Cases. It is not possible to identify the cases that would have chosen the Grandparents as Caregivers Program had the program continued. Therefore, it is assumed that their proportion remains unchanged over time, at 2.33 percent of TANF Child-Only cases. Applying the 2.33 percent of FY 2018 child-only cases results in an estimated impact of 60 average monthly cases.
1	

5. Estimated average monthly impact of this eligibility change on caseload in comparison year: 60

Date of Completion November 29, 2018

State: Kansas

Fiscal Year to which credit applies: 2019

- 1. Name of eligibility change: Application Requirements
- 2. Implementation date of eligibility change: November 2011, July 2013, January 2014
- 3. Description of policy, including the change from prior policy:

November 2011: Applicants were required to complete 20 job contacts per week before their eligibility determination and 20 job contacts per week before meeting with a case manager to develop a self-sufficiency plan.

July 2013: The revised application policy eliminated the pre-eligibility job search requirement. The new policy required clients to register in the State's public workforce system and complete a work skills assessment. Eligibility was conditioned on completing both the registration and assessment. In addition, because of the work assessment feature in the new policy, the October 2006 Work Readiness Screening policy was discontinued.

January 2014: Clients who failed to register in the workforce system were required to produce a valid excuse.

July 2016: The revised application policy eliminated the requirement for the clients to register in the state's public workforce system and complete a work skills assessment. The new policy required the completion of a self-assessment form and the completion of an online orientation for employment services.

Date of Completion November 29, 2018

State: Kansas

Fiscal Year to which credit applies: 2019

4. Description of the methodology used to calculate the estimated impact of this eligibility change:

To measure the increase in denials due to the policy, a pre-policy baseline denial rate of 12.3 percent was established based on denials for the *failure to cooperate* and the *failure to complete applicant job search*. The estimated increase in denied cases attributed to the policies was determined by the multiplying the difference between the pre-policy and FY 2018 denial rate by total applications. The estimated increase in denials was cumulated using the attrition curve for new cases (refer to the attachment called Attrition Rate for TANF Cash Assistance Approvals Applicants). The average monthly case impact is summarized in the following table:

	,			· · · · · · · · · · · · ·	- Cook I	Month in I	EY 2018			E	ate of Com	pletion: 11/2	29/2018
						Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Grand Total
Month	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan L	Feb		-707	-663	-624	-564	-510	-453	
Prior Year	-1031	-974	-905	-848	-801	-749	-101	7	6	6	5	5	-
Oct 2017	13	13	12	10	9	8		10	9	8	8	7	
Nov		18	18	16	14	12	11	0	0	0	0	0	
Dec			0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	
Jan 2018				1	1	1		-5	-5	_4	-4	-4	
Feb					-7	-7	-6	-5 -2	-2	-2	-2	-1	
Mar						-2		- <u>-</u> 2 0	0	0	ō	0	
Арг							0	-16	-15	-14	-12	-11	
May								- 10	-10	-10	-9	-8	
Jun									-10	-32	-31	-28	ALCOHOL SECTION AND ASSESSMENT OF SECTION ASSESSMENT
Ju										-02	20	20	
Aug								7.35				4	
Sep							007	een!	-640	-611	-533	-476	-8802
Total	-1018	-943	-875	-820	-783	-737	-697	-669 F	-040 Y 18 mon			-733.5	

5. Estimated average monthly impact of this eligibility change on caseload in comparison year: -733.5

Date of Completion November 29, 2018

State: Kansas

Fiscal Year to which credit applies: 2019

- 1. Name of eligibility change: Change in Treatment of VA Compensation for Work Therapy
- 2. Implementation date of eligibility change: January 2013
- 3. Description of policy, including the change from prior policy: Compensated work therapy benefits from the Veteran's Administration were treated as earned income rather than unearned income.
- 4. Description of the methodology used to calculate the estimated impact of this eligibility change:

 Because the majority of earned income was disregarded in the benefit determination, the policy's effect was to increase the qualifying income allowed for cash assistance. The Mann Whitney U Test was used to assess the change in the proportion of cases with VA disability payments. The result indicated a small, but significant, change in the percentage of cases with VA disability payments.

	Cases w/		- 11
	VA Disablity	TANF	Denial
Month	Payments	Cases	Rate
Jul 2012	5	9,889	0.051%
Aug	6	9,881	0.061%
Sep	4	9,791	0.041%
Oct	5	9,756	0.051%
	5	9,316	0.054%
Nov	5	9,120	0.055%
Dec	Policy Chg	>,1_0	
Jan 2013	i oucy ong	8,590	0.070%
Feb	5	8,289	0.060%
Mar	11	8,263	0.133%
Apr	7	8,018	0.087%
May	7	7,790	0.090%
Jun	/	7,790 7,794	0.050%
Jul	5	1,194	0.00170

Mann Whitney 95% confidence Page 1		t-Policy
N	6	6
Mean Rank	3.7	9.3
Z U	2.72	
p	0.007	

The difference between the pre-policy and FY 2018 percentage of cases with veteran's disability income was multiplied by the total cases in FY 2018 to obtain the caseload impact:

Date of Completion November 29, 2018

State: Kansas

Fiscal Year to which credit applies: 2019

		Cases w/ VA		the control of the co	D		Change in
Fiscal		Disablity	Total		Pre-		
Year	Month	Payments	TANF Cases	Percent	Policy	Increase	Cases
		3	4,674	0.064%	0.052%	0.01%	0.6
FY 2018	Oct	3	4,454	0.067%	0.052%	0.02%	0.7
*************************	Nov		4,370	0.069%	0.052%	0.02%	0.7
and the second of the second second of the second second of the second second of the second s	Dec	3	4,293	0.070%	0.052%	0.02%	0.8
	Jan	3		0.070%	0.052%	0.02%	0.8
	Feb	3	4,293	0.047%	0.052%	0.00%	(0.2
AND THE RESERVE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT	Mar	2	4,235			-0.03%	(1.1
************************	Apr	1	4,070	0.025%	0.052%	THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE	(1.1
AND DESCRIPTION ASSESSMENT AND ASSESSMENT AND ASSESSMENT ASSESSMEN	May	1	4,103	0.024%	0.052%	-0.03%	
	Jun	1	4,168	0.024%	0.052%	-0.03%	(1.2
	The same of the sa		4,283	0.023%	0.052%	-0.03%	(1.2
	Jul		4,375	0.023%	0.052%	-0.03%	(1.3
Annale State of the Control of the C	Aug		4,355	0.023%	0.052%	-0.03%	(1.3
	∛ Sep Monthly Ca	1	7,000			Comment	(0.3

^{5.} Estimated average monthly impact of this eligibility change on caseload in comparison year: -0.3

Date of Completion November 29, 2018

Fiscal Year to which credit applies: 2019 State: Kansas

- Name of eligibility change: Suspicion-Based Drug Testing
- Implementation date of eligibility change: July 2014
- 3. Description of policy, including the change from prior policy: TANF applicants, recipients and third-party payees who indicated an unlawful use of controlled substances or analogs were tested for drug use. The indicators of drug use included: arrest records from drug related charges within the last 12 months, employment records (loss of job, failing a drug test, etc., within the last 12 months), self-declaration, visual observation of drug use, observation of drug paraphernalia, Substance Abuse Subtle Screening Inventory screen indicators and a prior refusal to take a drug test.

The consequences for both positive drug tests and the refusal to take a drug test were limited to the individual's portion of the case benefit. The progressive consequences for a positive drug test follow:

- 1st positive test: Ineligibility for assistance until the completion of substance abuse treatment and job skills
- 2nd positive test: 12-month ineligibility and completion of substance abuse treatment and job skills training
- 3rd positive test: Lifetime ineligibility

The consequences for refusing to submit to a drug test follow:

- 1st refusal: 6-month ineligibility and submit to a drug test
- 2nd refusal: 12-month ineligibility and submit to a drug test
- 3rd refusal: Lifetime ineligibility

Date of Completion November 29, 2018 Fiscal Year to which credit applies: 2019

State: Kansas

Description of the methodology used to calculate the estimated impact of this eligibility change: (attach supporting materials to this form) A special report was developed to track the policy. The cases that closed due to this policy were counted for one quarter. This period represents the average length of stay for new applicants during FY 2018, minus the length of stay the sanctioned cases received assistance before a sanction is imposed.

	Oct-Dec	Jan-Mar	Apr-Jun	Jul-Sep
Quarter	'16	'17	'17	'17
Oct-Dec '17	-29			
Jan-Mar '18		-47		
Apr-Jun '18			-1	
Jul-Sep '18				-5
Total	-29	-47	-1	-5
Average Monthly Cases				-21

^{5.} Estimated average monthly impact of this eligibility change on caseload in comparison year: -21

Date of Completion November 29, 2018

State: Kansas

Fiscal Year to which credit applies: 2019

- 1. Name of eligibility change: Time Limit Policies
- 2. Implementation date of eligibility change: November 2011, July 2015, and July 2016
- 3. Description of policy, including the change from prior policy: Successive reductions were imposed for the cash assistance time limit. In each case, transition provisions accompanied the new time limit:
 - **48-Month Limit:** Cases with more than 60 months of assistance at the time of the policy change were allowed a six-month extension. Cases with 36-59 months of assistance at the time of the policy change received an extension up to 12-months, not to exceed an overall 60 months of assistance. Hardship provision: 12 additional months.
 - **36-Month Limit:** Cases with more than 48 months of assistance at the time of the policy change were allowed an extension up to 60 months of assistance.
 - 24-Month Limit: Cases with more than 30 months of assistance at the time of the policy change were allowed an extension up to 48 months.
- 4. Description of the methodology used to calculate the estimated impact of this eligibility change: The pre-policy caseload baseline represents the average number of cases exceeding each time limit during the 12 months prior to each policy. The cases in each time limit cohort during the Caseload Reduction Report fiscal year were compared to the pre-policy caseload level to obtain the case impact.

	48-Month Time Limit			36-Moi	nth Time	Limit	24-MO	nth Time I	-111 Wr	
				D. Delley	Cases		Pre-Policy	Cases		Tota
F	Pre-Policy	Cases	Напримення в примення применти в	Pre-Policy	***************************************	Case	Caseload	Over	Case	Case
estamonimum municipal de la constantina della co	Caseload	Over	Case	The state of the s	Over		Baseline	24 mos	Decrease	Decrease
Month	Baseline	49 mos	Decrease	Baseline	36 mos			28	-416	
	1,010	2	-1,008	418	2	-416			4 14	
Oct 2017	1,010	1	-1,009	1	1	-417	444	30		-1,83
VOV	1,010	2	THE RESERVE THE PARTY OF THE PA		2			30		
Dec		2	-1,008		2			28		***************************************
Jan 2018	1,010		-1,008		0	-418		29	-415	
Feb	1,010		-1,009	A THEORY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	1	-417		26		
Mar	1,010		-1,008		1	-417	444	21	-423	-1,84
Apr	1,010	2		A LANCA COMPANY DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY OF	1	-417	444	26	-418	
May	1,010		-1,009	the state of the s	0	THE PERSON NAMED IN THE PE	G derintenantenantenant	23		-1,84
Jun	1,010	1	-1,009	NAMES AND ADDRESS OF THE OWNER O	0	and providence and annual action to the contract of the contra	C. B. C. S.	41	-403	
Jul	1,010	1	-1,009		1	-417		37	-407	
Aug	1,010	0			Ö		~	31	-413	
Sep	1,010	0	-1,010 -1,009			-417			-415	-1,84

5. Estimated average monthly impact of this eligibility change on caseload in comparison year: -1,841

Date of Completion November 29, 2018

State: Kansas

Fiscal Year to which credit applies: 2019

- 1. Name of eligibility change: Minimum Benefit
- 2. Implementation date of eligibility change: August 2017
- 3. Description of policy, including the change from prior policy: TANF payments where the net benefit is less than \$10 will not be issued for any month, including initial month payments. Prior to this change, initial month net benefits could be less than \$10, but any month after the initial would be denied or closed.
- 4. Description of the methodology used to calculate the estimated impact of this eligibility change:

 To measure the increase in denials due to the policy, a pre-policy baseline rate of .19 percent was established based on the number of cases with a net benefit amount of less than \$10 in the initial program month and the number of applications in that month. The estimated increase in denied cases attributed to the policy was determined by multiplying the difference between the pre-policy and FY 2018 rate by total applications. The estimated increase in denials was cumulated using the attrition curve for new cases (refer to the attachment called Attrition Rate for Minimum Benefit). The average monthly case impact is summarized in the following table:

			~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		Impact on I	Each Man	th in FY 2	118		Date of Co	mpletion:		11/28/2018
A						Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	<b>Grand Tota</b>
Time of Closure	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb		0	0	0	0	-4	-7	
Prior Year	0	0	0	0	0	0	-2	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	
Oct 2017	-4	-4	-3	-3	-2	-2		-2	-1	-1	-1	-1	
Nov		-3	-3	-3	-2	-2	-2	Marian Company of the	<u>-1</u>	-1	_1	-1	
Dec			-3	-3	-2	-2	-2	-1	-1 -2	-2		-1	
Jan 2018			* 'i	4	-3	-3	-3	-2	- <u>-</u> -1	- <u>-</u> -1	-1	-1	The street of th
Proposition and the second sec					-2	-2	-2	-2		-2	_1	-1	***************************************
Feb						-3	-3	-3	-2		-2	-2	de en de en en en en de circa de desentación de de las de de conservada en el de
Mar							-3	-3	-3		-2	- <u>-</u> 2	
Apr								-3	-3		-3	- <u>-</u> -3	Arraman and day allows are arranded by the proceedings, the
May									.4	4		<u>-3</u> -3	,
<u>Jun</u>										-4	-3	*************	
<u>Jul</u>											-4	-4	
Aug									100			-3	40
Sep		- :	0	-12	-13	-14	-16	-17	-19	-20	-25	-29	-18
Total Average Monthly	_4	7	-9	-12	-10	- '	i	AMPLE TO THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN		Appare		-15.4	<u> </u>

5. Estimated average monthly impact of this eligibility change on caseload in comparison year: -15.4

Date of Completion November 29, 2018

Fiscal Year to which credit applies: 2019 State: Kansas

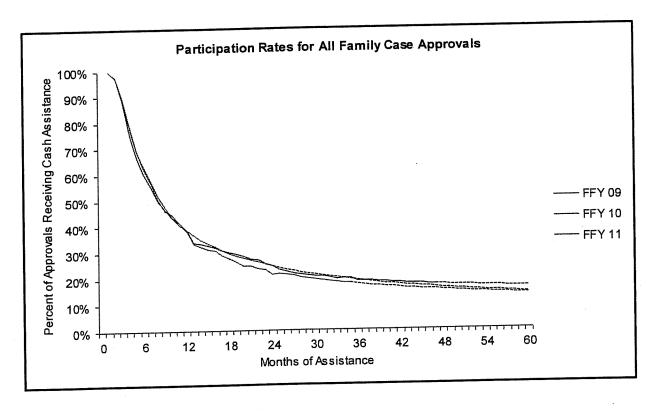
# PART 2 – Estimate of Caseload Reduction Credit

Five-Month Transitional Payment	274	Total FY 2005 Caseload	17,622	
Inclusion of the Grandparents as Caregivers Program Applicant Requirements	60 -734	FY 2018 TANF Caseload FY 2018 SSP Caseload	4,306 0	
Change in Treatment of VA Compensated Work Therapy Suspicion-Based Drug Testing Time Limit Policies Minimum Benefit Net Impact	0 -21 -1,841 -15 <b>-2,138</b>	Total FY 2018 Caseload  Excess MOE Cases in FY 2018  Adjusted FY 2018 Caseload  Caseload Decline Decline – Net Impact	<b>4,306</b> 112 <b>4,194</b> 13,428 11,290	76.2%
Met Impact		Caseload Reducti	on Credit =	64.1%

# Attachment: Attrition Rate for TANF Cash Assistance Approvals Applicants

The caseload impact of an applicant denied assistance extends beyond the month of denial and includes subsequent months for which the case would have otherwise received assistance. Therefore, for policies centering on applications, the participation in cash assistance must be determined.

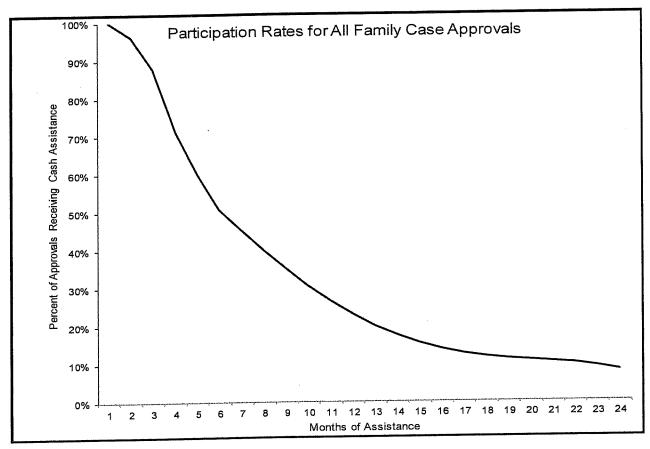
Approved cases were selected from a month in each quarter during FY 2009 – FY 2011. The cases were followed to obtain the percentage of the initial cases receiving assistance in the ensuing months. A September 2011 endpoint was chosen to isolate the pre-policy participation characteristics from the effects of the application policies beginning in November 2011. The participation rates were completed by curve-fitting (denoted by the dashed lines in the graph) to obtain 48-month and 60-month participation rates. The following graph shows the resulting participation rates by fiscal year for All Family cases:



A similar review was performed for One- and Two-Parent Family cases (i.e. those generally mandatory for work participation). The resulting average length of stay on assistance was almost identical to that for All Family cases. The average of the All Family case attrition curves for FY 2009 – FY 2011 was applied to the Work Readiness Screening and Application Requirements policies.

#### Attachment: Attrition Rate for Minimum Benefit

Approved cases were selected from July 2012, January 2013 and July 2013. The cases were followed to obtain the percentage of the initial cases receiving assistance in the ensuing months through 24 months. The following graph shows the resulting participation rates by fiscal year for All Family cases:



This attrition curve was applied to the Minimum Benefit Policy.

Overall Report Two-parent Repo	Date of Completion November 29, 2018					
Two-parent Report  PART 1 - Eligibility Changes Made Since FY 2005 (Complete this section for EACH change)  1. Name of eligibility change: Work Readiness Screening 2. Implementation date of eligibility change: October 2006 and July 2013  3. Description of policy, including the change from prior policy:  October 2006: A work readiness screen, mainly conducted prior to the approval of cash assistance, was established as a condition of eligibility. Applicants who failed to cooperate were denied assistance, while recipients who failed to complete the screen were assessed a work penalty.  July 2013: The work readiness screening requirement was discontinued to align with revised application requirements.  4. Description of the methodology used to calculate the estimated impact of this eligibility change: The All Famili impact was multiplied by the percentage of two-parent cases (4 percent) to estimate the Two-Parent caseload change.	State: Kansas	Fiscal Year to which credit applies: 2019				
(Complete this section for EACH change)  1. Name of eligibility change: Work Readiness Screening  2. Implementation date of eligibility change: October 2006 and July 2013  3. Description of policy, including the change from prior policy:  October 2006: A work readiness screen, mainly conducted prior to the approval of cash assistance, was established as a condition of eligibility. Applicants who failed to cooperate were denied assistance, while recipients who failed to complete the screen were assessed a work penalty.  July 2013: The work readiness screening requirement was discontinued to align with revised application requirements.  4. Description of the methodology used to calculate the estimated impact of this eligibility change: The All Famil impact was multiplied by the percentage of two-parent cases (4 percent) to estimate the Two-Parent caseload change.						
<ol> <li>Implementation date of eligibility change: October 2006 and July 2013</li> <li>Description of policy, including the change from prior policy:         <ul> <li>October 2006: A work readiness screen, mainly conducted prior to the approval of cash assistance, was established as a condition of eligibility. Applicants who failed to cooperate were denied assistance, while recipients who failed to complete the screen were assessed a work penalty.</li> <li>July 2013: The work readiness screening requirement was discontinued to align with revised application requirements.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Description of the methodology used to calculate the estimated impact of this eligibility change: The All Famil impact was multiplied by the percentage of two-parent cases (4 percent) to estimate the Two-Parent caseload change.</li> </ol>	PART 1 –Eligibility (Complete this	y Changes Made Since FY 2005 s section for EACH change)				
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October 2006: A work readiness screen, mainly conducted prior to the approval of cash assistance, was established as a condition of eligibility. Applicants who failed to cooperate were denied assistance, while recipients who failed to complete the screen were assessed a work penalty.  July 2013: The work readiness screening requirement was discontinued to align with revised application requirements.  4. Description of the methodology used to calculate the estimated impact of this eligibility change: The All Famil impact was multiplied by the percentage of two-parent cases (4 percent) to estimate the Two-Parent caseload change.	3. Description of policy, including the change from	n prior policy:				
<ul> <li>July 2013: The work readiness screening requirement was discontinued to align with revised application requirements.</li> <li>4. Description of the methodology used to calculate the estimated impact of this eligibility change: The All Famil impact was multiplied by the percentage of two-parent cases (4 percent) to estimate the Two-Parent caseload change.</li> </ul>	October 2006: A work readiness screen, m	nainly conducted prior to the approval of cash assistance, was licants who failed to cooperate were denied assistance, while				
impact was multiplied by the percentage of two-parent cases (4 percent) to estimate the Two Talest value change.	<b>July 2013:</b> The work readiness screening r requirements.	equirement was discontinued to align with revised application				
the state of circle in the change on caseload in comparison year: -0.1	impact was multiplied by the percentage of two-	te the estimated impact of this eligibility change: The All Family-parent cases (4 percent) to estimate the Two-Parent caseload				
	0.11 17.1	hility change on caseload in comparison year: -0.1				

# FORM ACF-202 - TANF CASELOAD REDUCTION REPORT Date of Completion November 29, 2018 Fiscal Year to which credit applies: 2019 State: Kansas Name of eligibility change: Increase in Earned Income Disregard Implementation date of eligibility change: May 2008 3. Description of policy, including the change from prior policy: Prior to the policy change, the first \$90 of earned income and 40 percent of the remaining income was disregarded when determining the family's benefit. The new policy increased the variable disregard to 60 percent. 4. Description of the methodology used to calculate the estimated impact of this eligibility change: The All Family impact was multiplied by the percentage of two-parent cases (4 percent) to estimate the Two-Parent caseload change.

5. Estimated average monthly impact of this eligibility change on caseload in comparison year: 7.6

OMB Control No.: 0970-0338 Exp

# Date of Completion November 29, 2018 State: Kansas Fiscal Year to which credit applies: 2019

- 1. Name of eligibility change: Five-Month Transitional Payment
- 2. Implementation date of eligibility change: January 2009
- 3. Description of policy, including the change from prior policy: A five-month \$50 transitional payment was provided to employed families whose earnings would have resulted in ineligibility for cash assistance. The policy permitted a new five-month payment cycle following the loss and resumption of employment.
- 4. Description of the methodology used to calculate the estimated impact of this eligibility change: The All Family impact was multiplied by the percentage of two-parent cases (4 percent) to estimate the Two-Parent caseload change.

5. Estimated average monthly impact of this eligibility change on caseload in comparison year: 14.8

OMB Control No.: 0970-0338

Expiration Date: 08/31/2020

# Date of Completion November 29, 2018

State: Kansas Fiscal Year to which credit applies: 2019

- 1. Name of eligibility change: Application Requirements
- 2. Implementation date of eligibility change: November 2011, July 2013 and January 2014
- 3. Description of policy, including the change from prior policy:

**November 2011:** Applicants were required to complete 20 job contacts per week before their eligibility determination and 20 job contacts per week before meeting with a case manager to develop a self-sufficiency plan.

**July 2013:** The revised application policy eliminated the pre-eligibility job search requirement. The new policy required clients to register in the State's public workforce system and complete a work skills assessment. Eligibility was conditioned on completing both the registration and assessment. In addition, because of the work assessment feature in the new policy, the October 2006 Work Readiness Screening policy was discontinued.

January 2014: Clients who failed to register in the workforce system were required to produce a valid excuse.

**July 2016:** The revised application policy eliminated the requirement for the clients to register in the state's public workforce system and complete a work skills assessment. The new policy required the completion of a self-assessment form and the completion of an online orientation for employment services.

Description of the methodology used to calculate the estimated impact of this eligibility change:
 The All Family impact was multiplied by the percentage of two-parent cases (4 percent) to estimate the Two-Parent caseload change.

5. Estimated average monthly impact of this eligibility change on caseload in comparison year: -39.6

# Date of Completion November 29, 2018 Fiscal Year to which credit applies: 2019 State: Kansas 1. Name of eligibility change: Change in Treatment of VA Compensation for Work Therapy Implementation date of eligibility change: January 2013 Description of policy, including the change from prior policy: Compensated work therapy benefits from the Veteran's Administration were treated as earned income rather than unearned income. 4. Description of the methodology used to calculate the estimated impact of this eligibility change: The All Family impact was multiplied by the percentage of two-parent cases (4 percent) to estimate the Two-Parent caseload change.

5. Estimated average monthly impact of this eligibility change on caseload in comparison year: 0

# Date of Completion November 29, 2018

State: Kansas

Fiscal Year to which credit applies: 2019

- 1. Name of eligibility change: Suspicion-Based Drug Testing
- 2. Implementation date of eligibility change: July 2014
- 3. Description of policy, including the change from prior policy: TANF applicants, recipients and third-party payees who indicated an unlawful use of controlled substances or analogs were tested for drug use. The indicators of drug use included: arrest records from drug related charges within the last 12 months, employment records (loss of job, failing a drug test, etc., within the last 12 months), self-declaration, visual observation of drug use, observation of drug paraphernalia, Substance Abuse Subtle Screening Inventory screen indicators and a prior refusal to take a drug test.

The consequences for both positive drug tests and the refusal to take a drug test were limited to the individual's portion of the case benefit. The progressive consequences for a positive drug test follow:

- 1st positive test: Ineligibility for assistance until the completion of substance abuse treatment and job skills training
- 2nd positive test: 12-month ineligibility and completion of substance abuse treatment and job skills training
- 3rd positive test: Lifetime ineligibility

The consequences for refusing to submit to a drug test follow:

- 1st refusal: 6-month ineligibility and submit to a drug test
- 2nd refusal: 12-month ineligibility and submit to a drug test
- 3rd refusal: Lifetime ineligibility
- 4. Description of the methodology used to calculate the estimated impact of this eligibility change:

  The All Family impact was multiplied by the percentage of two-parent cases (4 percent) to estimate the Two-Parent caseload change.

5. Estimated average monthly impact of this eligibility change on caseload in comparison year: -1.1

# Date of Completion November 29, 2018

State: Kansas Fiscal Year to which credit applies: 2019

- 1. Name of eligibility change: Time Limit Policies
- 2. Implementation date of eligibility change: November 2011, July 2015 and July 2016
- 3. Description of policy, including the change from prior policy: Successive reductions were imposed for the cash assistance time limit. In each case, transition provisions accompanied the new time limit:
  - **48-Month Limit:** Cases with more than 60 months of assistance at the time of the policy change were allowed a six-month extension. Cases with 36-59 months of assistance at the time of the policy change received an extension up to 12-months, not to exceed an overall 60 months of assistance. Hardship provision: 12 additional months.
  - **36-Month Limit:** Cases with more than 48 months of assistance at the time of the policy change were allowed an extension up to 60 months of assistance.
  - **24-Month Limit:** Cases with more than 30 months of assistance at the time of the policy change were allowed an extension up to 48 months.
- 4. Description of the methodology used to calculate the estimated impact of this eligibility change:

  The All Family impact was multiplied by the percentage of two-parent cases (4 percent) to estimate the Two-Parent caseload change.

OMB Control No.: 0970-0338 Expiration Date: 08/31/2020 Page 7 of 11

# Date of Completion November 29, 2018 Fiscal Year to which credit applies: 2019 State: Kansas 5. Estimated average monthly impact of this eligibility change on caseload in comparison year: Name of eligibility change: Minimum Benefit Implementation date of eligibility change: August 2017 3. Description of policy, including the change from prior policy: TANF payments where the net benefit is less than \$10 will not be issued for any month, including initial month payments. Prior to this change, initial month net benefits could be less than \$10, but any month after the initial would be denied or closed. 4. Description of the methodology used to calculate the estimated impact of this eligibility change: The All Family impact was multiplied by the percentage of two-parent cases (4 percent) to estimate the Two-Parent caseload change.

# Date of Completion November 29, 2018

State: Kansas Fiscal Year to which credit applies: 2019

5. Estimated average monthly impact of this eligibility change on caseload in comparison year: 0

# Date of Completion November 29, 2018

State: Kansas Fiscal Year to which credit applies: 2019

#### **Excess MOE Calculation**

The TANF regulations allow a proportional adjustment to the caseload reduction credit when the State maintenance of effort expenditure exceeds the required level. (TANF Regulations, §261.43(2)). The calculation below computes the additional credit under this provision. (The acronym "SSP" denotes a separate state TANF program.)

FY 2005 TANF Caseload FY 2005 SSP Caseload FY 2005 Caseload FY 2018 TANF Caseload FY 2018 TANF Caseload FY 2018 SSP Caseload Total FY 2018 Caseload  2-Parent Caseload Data FY 2005 2-p TANF Caseload FY 2005 2-p SSP Caseload Total FY 2005 Caseload FY 2017 2-p TANF Caseload FY 2017 2-p SSP Caseload Total FY 2017 Caseload	17,622 0 17,622 4,306 0 4,306 1,283 0 1,283 172 0 172	Total Expenditures  FY 2018 Total Federal Expenditures  FY 2018 Total MOE Expenditures  FY 2018 Total MOE Expenditures  Total Expenditures (Federal + MOE)  Assistance Expenditures  FY 2018 Federal Expenditures on Assistance  FY 2018 MOE Expenditures on Assistance  Total Expenditures on Assistance (Federal + MOE)  Percentage of Expenditures on Assistance  Expenditures Per Case  Average Expenditures per Case on Assistance	\$155,462,020 \$71,772,399 \$227,234,419 \$34,250,383 \$3,777,044 \$38,027,427 16.70% \$52,771 \$8,831
Adjusted Caseload Data  Adjusted FY 2018 Overall Caseload  Adjusted FY 2018 2-parent Caseload	4,194 172	MOE and Excess MOE  Required MOE (80% or 75%)  Excess MOE Expenditures  Excess MOE Expenditures on Assistance  Assistance Cases Funded by Excess MOE  2-Parent Assistance Cases Funded by Excess MOE	\$66,857,604 \$4,914,795 \$822,485 <b>112</b>

Date of Completion November 29, 2018

State: Kansas Fiscal Year to which credit applies: 2019

# PART 2 - Estimate of Caseload Reduction Credit-2-Parent Caseload

Impact of All Changes Work Readiness Screening Increase in Earned Income Disregard Five-Month Transitional Payment Applicant Requirements	0 8 15 -40	Caseload Reduction Calculation FY 2005 TANF 2-Parent Caseload FY 2005 SSP 2-Parent Caseload Total FY 2005 Caseload FY 2018 TANF 2-Parent Caseload	1,283 0 1,283 287	
Change in Treatment of VA Compensated Work Therapy Suspicion-Based Drug Testing Time Limit Policies Minimum Benefit Net Impact	0 -1 -100 0 - <b>118</b>	FY 2018 SSP 2-Parent Caseload  Total FY 2018 2-Parent Caseload  Excess MOE 2-Parent Cases in FY 2017  Adjusted FY 2018 Caseload  Caseload Decline  Decline – Net Impact	0 172 6 172 1,110 993	86.6%
		o D	ion Credit =	77 <b>4</b> 9

2-Parent Caseload Reduction Credit = 77.4%

Date of Completion November 29, 2018	
	Fiscal Year to which credit applies: 2019

#### **PART 3 -- Certification**

I certify that we have provided the public an appropriate opportunity to comment on the estimates and methodology used to complete this report and considered those comments in completing it. Further, I certify that this report incorporates all reductions in the caseload resulting from State eligibility changes and changes in Federal requirements since Fiscal Year 2005.

(signature)
(Digitalian )
(name)
(name)
(title)